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THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freshest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE.——*Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28

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STOCKHOLM, *February* 13.

GUSTAVUS, eldeſt Son of our late King, has been this Day acknowledged, by the Senate, King of Sweden, of the Goths, and of the Vandals, &c. and his Advancement to the Throne was immediately after proclaimed by a Herald, in all the uſual Places of this City. The Baron Oernfield, Chamberlain, ſets out this Evening for Paris, to prepare our new King for receiving the News of the Death of the King his Father, which will be carried by a Cabinet Courier.

HAGUE, *March* 5. The Ruſſian Miniſter hath received the following Account from Peterſburg, dated February 8th: "Our Troops have taken many Magazines at Crajova, and in all the Country behind the Olta, and our Detachments have taken Poſt oppoſite Virdin, within Cannon Shot of that Place, and towards Calafat and Orſova, extending as far as the Frontiers of Tranſylvania and the Bannat of Temeſwar.

VIENNA, *February* 16. They write from Conſtantinople that the Governour of Trebiſonde has revolted againſt the Porte, and it is ſaid he gave the Signal of his Rebellion by openly ſetting Fire to the Town, Half of which is burnt.

From the Confines of RUSSIA, *February* 7. The Court is determined not to conclude any Negotiation of Peace with the Porte but on the preliminary Condition, *ſine qua non*, that the Ruſſian Empire ſhall immediately, and for ever, poſſeſs the Crimea, Taman, in the Strait of Caffa, Aſoff, at the Mouth of the Don, Kimburn, at the Mouth of the Dnieper, Oczakow, oppoſite Kimburn, Akerman, or Bialogrod, at the Mouth of the Dnieſter, Kilia Nova, near the Mouth of the Keli, Iſmail, Iſaccia, nearly oppoſite the ſame Place, beyond Keli, and three Iſlands in the Archipelago.

LONDON, *February* 27.

A LETTER from Venice mentions that a Venetian Tartan, after an obſtinate Engagement, was taken by two Algerine Corſairs off the Iſle of Corfu, and thence carried to Algiers; at which the Senate of Venice are ſo enraged that they are determined to have Satisfaction.

It is ſaid that Application has been made by the Court of Denmark for the Aſſiſtance of England to chaſtiſe the increaſing Inſolence of the Algerines in the Mediterranean.

The King of Denmark has publiſhed an Edict, ſtrictly forbidding any of his Subjects from entering into the Service of any foreign Power.

A Body of reſpectable Merchants in the City have come to a Reſolution to petition his Majeſty to take Meaſures for reſtoring many commercial Rights and Privileges which have been lately raviſhed from the Britiſh Traders reſident in the Dominions of Portugal.

The unſucceſsful Expedition of Haſſan Bey into Arabia has elevated the Ottoman Court not a little, and ſeveral of the Arabian Officers, who had a Share in defeating the ſame, have entered into the Army of the Porte, as Volunteers againſt the Ruſſians.

We hear that the Conduct of Admiral Spiritoff, in hanging the Captain of a Veſſel belonging to Zante, an Iſland ſubject to the Republick of Venice, is likely to be attended with very ſerious Conſequences.

A Plan has been laid before the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the better Regulation of the Tide Waiters. At preſent, the ſame Men continue in a Ship till it is totally unloaded. The propoſed Plan is, to be relieved every ſix Hours.

The freſh Reports which have ariſen concerning the new Amour of a noble Perſonage has occaſioned an Altercation between him and a greater Perſonage, wherein the latter told him that he inſiſted on it no Occaſion ſhould be for the future given to countenance ſuch Reports, and that he would not have the Peace of Families diſturbed; and bid him remember an Inſtance of a Nobleman, ſome Years ſince, who, on a ſimilar Occaſion, was ſtripped of his Poſts of Honour.

As it has been proved, by Experience, that his Majeſty's Ships of War have ſuffered greatly by the uſual Method of laying them up in Harbours, we hear that the Men of War at all the out Ports, as ſoon as out of Commiſſion, will each have a certain Number of Seamen and Warrant Officers on Board, to keep the Ship clean, and prevent the Planks and Timbers from growing rotten.

Monday a Writ of Habeas Corpus was ſent to Maidſtone Jail in Order to remove the noted John Underwood, who was ſentenced about four Months ſince, to be tranſported for fourteen Years, for receiving a Quantity of Plate, knowing it to be ſtolen. This Man, it is ſaid, has been tried twenty three Times.

By a Ship arrived in the River from Bilboa, in ten Days, there is Advice of the Spaniards diſbanding the Men from the Ships of War at Ferrol, where they had only twenty five Ships of the Line in any Condition to proceed to Sea.

Yeſterday, about five in the Afternoon, Sir James Macartney, in a Poſt Coach and ſix, ſet off for the Court of Madrid. *Mure Miſchief brewing.*

We are aſſured, on good Authority, that the Orders from the Admiralty to diſcharge the Seamen lately engaged, and to pay off the Ships of War, will this Day, in Part, be put in Execution at the ſeveral Ports.

It is ſaid to be the preſent Subject of Conſideration in the Privy Council what Forces, both as to Marines and Sailors, ſhall be continued in the Service.

The Affairs of America are expected to become the Subject of parliamentary Conſideration ſoon, in Conſequence of a Motion from the Miniſtry.

Monday next, it is ſaid a Motion will ſpring from the Oppoſition, in the Lower Aſſembly, which has been ſome Time intended, but prevented by the recent Debate on the Spaniſh Convention. The Miniſtry themſelves are aware of it, and are preparing to ward off the Danger that may be intended by it.

The Bill to prevent divorced Perſons from marrying with the offending Party is ordered to be printed, for the Uſe of the Upper Aſſembly.

We hear that Mr. Edmund Burke, who was not long ago appointed, by a certain American Aſſembly, Agent for a principal Colony, the other Day, when Application was made to him to accept it, abſolutely refuſed, out of an entire Spirit of Independence. The above Agency is reputed to be worth a Thouſand Pounds a Year.

Doctor Wilſon has ſettled fifty Pounds for Life upon Mr. Wilkes, and ſays that if any Man will do more he will equal him in Generoſity. His Chariot is always at the Service of the Patriot.

By the Demiſe of Sir Humphry Chadwick, Baronet, who died ſome Time ago, it is ſaid his Eſtate, real and perſonal, together with the Title, devolves to one Humphrey Chadwick, a Porter to a Tradeſman, of Wych Street, Drury Lane, as being the neareſt Relation. The Eſtate is about fifteen Thouſand Pounds a Year, and the Money is ſaid to amount to ninety Thouſand Pounds in the Funds.

At the late Maſquerade, ſeveral Ladies having rallied Colonel Luttrell, who repreſented Death, with many ſatirical Strokes, an humourous Gentleman preſent, obſerving that the Colonel had not one Point of Wit to retort upon them, goes up to him, and cries, "O Death, where is thy Sting!"

An Iriſhman, a Friend of Colonel Luttrell's, ſeeing him at the late Maſquerade in the *Character of Death*, cried out, "By my Shoul, *he acts it to the Life.*

March 1. Admiral Montague (a Nephew of Lord Sandwich) is appointed Commander in Chief on the North American Station. Captain Gambier is to be recalled; and, for the future, no One under the Rank of an Admiral is to have that Command.

Extract of a Letter from a Lady at Paris, *February* 17.

"You muſt excuſe my Frequency of Correſpondence, as it is in Conformity to your Deſire of being acquainted with all I know, and all I feel. The ſtrenuous Exertions of the new Miniſtry in effecting a Peace, when War between England and Spain was looked upon as inevitable, has, in no little Meaſure, ſoftened the People, and reconciled them to the Loſs of their favourite Miniſter Choiſeul. What is very extraordinary, although the exiled Stateſman was certainly for War, the Populace, before this Reconciliation between the jarring Powers took Place, were continually calling out for Choiſeul to be fixed again at the Helm, to bring about the very Meaſures which, if he had been there, he would moſt certainly have oppoſed.

"I went a few Days ſince to ſee a Nun make her Profeſſion. It is a Ceremony really very affecting; yet ſhe, who is the Object of every One's Compaſſion, is generally the only One who is deſtitute of Feeling! They muſt certainly be poſſeſſed with a ſuperiour Strength of Mind, or with an infinite Share of Enthuſiaſm. For their own Sakes, I pray that it may be the firſt; but whichſoever it is, I cannot but think it very unnatural to ſee a Child appear inſenſible and unmoved (which was the Circumſtance in the Caſe I ſpeak of) at the Sight of a Father and Mother, Brother and Siſter, bathed in Tears, and expiring almoſt through Sorrow! Thoſe who are Partizans for the Convents (for all the French are not ſo) tell you that the Females have the more Merit in this Inſenſibility, as they ſacrifice every Tie for God! But, for my Part, I can never be brought to think that he who has ordered us to love and honour our Parents deſires the Extinction of Nature and all Feeling. In ſhort, the Sight has not in the leaſt given me a Deſire to be a Nun.

"And yet, ſpeaking of Nuns, I muſt tell you (in Anſwer to your entertaining Account of the late Soho Maſquerades) that I, with all my moralizing againſt the Veil, was a temporary Nun no longer ago than laſt Week; but then, indeed, my profeſſing coſt neither a Sigh to myſelf nor a Tear to my Friends. I was at a maſked Ball in that Character. They are very frequent here; the Dauphineſs gives one every Week; but, in Order to prevent the Exceſs of Expenſe, which thoſe Balls might otherwiſe occaſion, ſhe gives them on the expreſs Condition that no Perſon ſhall be admitted in Dreſſes better than Luſtrings."

Lord S. lately addreſſed a Lady, in a publick Aſſembly, and told her, "he had heard that her Ladyſhip had ſpoke of him in a very diſreſpectful Manner;" on which her Ladyſhip, with a great Deal of Humour, patted him on the Head, and ſaid, "Indeed, my good Lord, *there is Nothing in it.*

Miſs Wilkes, the Daughter of the Patriot of that Name, being lately at a Rout, on her going away could not find her Cloak for ſome Time; on which a Lady preſent ſaid, "Miſs, have it marked No. 45, and you will eaſily find it upon any future Occaſion."

Lord Milton is perfectly recovered of his Wounds, and appears abroad again as uſual. The Difference which unhappily occaſioned the Quarrel between him and his Noble Opponent, by the Interpoſion of Friends, is now amicably adjuſted.

We hear that on Sunday Mr. Penrice, late Turnkey to the King's Bench Priſon, preached to a numerous Congregation at the late Mr. Whitefield's Tabernacle in Tottenham Court Road. It ſeems he is ſomewhat like Mr. Whitefield in the Face.

A Farmer at Abingdon aſked ſome Oxford Scholars what the *Nullum Tempus* Bill meant; on which they made Anſwer, "Why you muſt pay your Bill immediately, having no Time to loſe, if you mean to get home to your Wife to Night."

March 3. Letters from Smyrna, by Way of Marſeilles, adviſe that the Chevalier Montagu, Son of the celebrated Lady Mary Montagu, formerly Ambaſſadreſs at Conſtantinople, who had retired with his Lady to the Iſland of Metelin, narrowly eſcaped being maſſacred by the Turks among the Greeks of that Iſland, he paying the Sum of two Thouſand Piaſters for his Redemption.

We are informed from the Weſtern Iſles of Scotland that upwards of five Hundred Souls from Iſlay, and the adjacent Iſlands, are preparing to migrate next Summer to America, under the Conduct of a Gentleman of Wealth and Merit, whoſe Predeceſſors reſided in Iſlay for many Centuries paſt; and that there is a large Colony of the moſt wealthy and ſubſtantial People in Sky making ready to follow the Example of the Argathelians, in going to the fertile and cheap Lands on the other ſide of the Atlantick Ocean. It is to be dreaded that theſe Migrations will prove hurtful to the Mother Country.

One Mr. James, a great Naturaliſt, has lately diſcovered, in the Mountain of Benduplegh, about fifteen Miles from Edinburgh, a Mine which produces Rubies and Topazes, equal, it is ſaid, to any imported from India.

A Nobleman has laid a Wager of five Hundred Guineas that he produces a Man that ſhall run two Miles on the Courſe at Chelmsford in twelve Minutes, carrying twenty five Pounds of Sand upon his Back. The Bet is to be decided on the 28th Inſtant.

March 6. It is ſaid the Motion made in the Lower Aſſembly yeſterday, by Mr. P. was in Subſtance, "that in the late Negotiation with the Court of Spain the Miniſtry have neglected to demand an Explanation of the Oath of Office taken by the Spaniſh Governours in America, their general Orders, and the eſtabliſhed Laws of America, under which theſe Governours pretend to act; by which Neglect our Poſſeſſions in America may remain expoſed, and liable to be diſturbed by the ſaid Governours, under Pretence of ſuch Oaths of Office." Forty three were for the *Motion*, and a Hundred and thirty againſt it.

It is reported that five Thouſand Pounds a Year were offered to ſtop all farther Proceedings with Reſpect to a Claim on ſome lately diſcovered Lead Mines in Yorkſhire. It is ſaid the Value of theſe Mines will ſoon amount to twenty Thouſand a Year.

Lord Chatham has promiſed his Attendance in a certain Aſſembly on Tueſday next, if he can bear the Motion of a Carriage, or ſupport the conſequent Fatigue.

There is ſcarce upon Record an Inſtance in which the too great Influence of the Crown, in a certain Place, is ſo much to be regretted as was furniſhed the other Day; for certainly Nothing can exhibit to the Mind of a free People ſo wretched a Proſpect as where ſuch Influence ſhall be exerted in a Diſpute on Matter of private Property.

Twenty Commiſſions of Bankrupcy have paſſed the Seal ſince Monday laſt.

We are informed, for a Certainty, that the Chief Juſtice of the King's Bench will retire in a few Weeks.

The Preſident of a Great Aſſembly, we are aſſured, is to ſucceed Lord Mansfield.

Mr. Cornwall, we are likewiſe well informed, will ſucceed the Preſident.

Recruiting Officers, for the future, are to be allowed no more than three Guineas and a Half for recruiting, of which the Recruit is to have no more than one Guinea and a Half.

March 8. Yeſterday Mr. Dowdeſwell made a Motion in the Lower Aſſembly reſpecting the Power of Juries, and at Half paſt ten the Houſe divided, when there was a very great Majority againſt it.

Yeſterday Morning an Expreſs arrived at the Eaſt India Houſe, in Leadenhall Street, from Holland, ſaid to contain ſome Matters of real Importance.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, *February* 27.

"Yeſterday our Parliament met, when the Forces on both Sides were muſtered; there were more Members in the Houſe than ever was known on any other Occaſion. The Queſtion on the propoſed Addreſs was carried by a Majority of twenty five in Favour of Government, to the Surprize of every Body, who have ſo long ſeen the great Parties of this Country govern this Kingdom as they pleaſed. At this Time the great Chiefs were all united againſt it, and even preſſed ſome Servants of the Crown to oppoſe it at the Hazard of their Offices.

"This Day, however, has afforded an unexpected, though no new Scene, in this Country, for when the Houſe ſhould have proceeded on the uſual Buſineſs of the Day a deſperate Mob, armed with Clubs and Cutlaſſes, ſurrounded the Parliament Houſe, and attempted to ſwear ſeveral of the Members, who very ſpiritedly refuſed the propoſed Oath; upon which they inſulted ſome, and beat others, ſelecting, with great Care and Nicety, the Supporters of Government from the Members in Oppoſition. The Biſhops of Ferns and Corke were both beat, and otherwiſe much abuſed. Lord Chief Juſtice Annely, and Lord Tyrone, were alſo very roughly treated. Lord Loftus was particularly ſearched for; he is marked by the Mob for joining Government, and deſerting from the Patriots.

"Whilſt free Acceſs to Parliament was thus interrupted, the Lord Chancellor ſent an Account of theſe Proceedings to the Lord Lieutenant. Soon after a Detachment of the Military was requeſted by the Mayor and Sheriffs, who had repaired to the Caſtle. The Lord Lieutenant firſt aſked them whether they could quell the Riot by the Aid of the civil Power alone; and on their anſwering in the negative, the Troops were ſent. On their Appearance the Mob diſperſed, and Peace was ſoon reſtored.

"Two of the Ringleaders, armed with Cutlaſſes, who attempted to ſwear the Biſhops with a *Manual*, or Popiſh Prayerbook, were taken and lodged in Newgate, by Order of the Houſe of Lords."

Monday Admiral Harland ſet out for Portſmouth, in Order to ſail with the Fleet the firſt fair Wind for Bengal, where he is to be ſtationed for three Years.

March 9. The following is an authentick Copy of the King of Spain's Ratification of the late Convention.

Tranſlation of his Catholick Majeſty's Orders, ſignified by the Bailo Frey Don Julian de Arriaga, to Don Philip Ruiz Puente, dated Pardo, February 7, 1771.

"It being agreed between the King and his Britannick Majeſty, by a Convention * ſigned at London on the 22d of January laſt paſt, by the Prince de Maſerano and the Earl of Rochford, that the Great Malouine, called by the Engliſh Falkland Iſland, ſhould be immediately replaced in the preciſe Situation in which it was before it was evacuated by them on the 10th of June laſt Year, I ſignify to you, by the King's Order, that as ſoon as the Perſon commiſſioned by the Court of London ſhall preſent himſelf to you with this you order the Delivery of the Port de la Cruſada, or Egmont, and its Fort and Dependencies, to be effected, as alſo that of all the Artillery, Ammunition, and Effects, that were found there, belonging to his Britannick Majeſty, and his Subjects, according to the Inventories ſigned by George Farmer and William Maltby, Eſquires, on the 11th of July of the ſaid Year, at the Time of their quitting the ſame, of which I ſend you the incloſed Copies, authenticated under my Hand; and that as ſoon as the one and the other ſhall be effected, with the due Formalities, you cauſe to retire, immediately, the Officer, and other Subjects of the King which may be there. God preſerve you many Years."

* *In the Spaniſh Papers lately publiſhed there is this ſtriking Paſſage in Lord Weymouth's Letter to Mr. Harris, of October* 17, 1770.

"*I was ordered to ſay that his Majeſty adheres invariably to his firſt Demand, and that without entering into the inſurmountable Objections to the Matter of this propoſed Convention the Manner alone is totally inadmiſſible; for his Majeſty cannot accept, under a Convention, that Satisfaction to which he has ſo juſt a Title.*"

Although the above is only a Copy of the Order for Reſtitution, yet it is the only Inſtrument which the King of Spain has ſent to our Court, and it has been accepted as a full Ratification.

Whatever Reports are propagated to the contrary, by the ſelf-intereſted or invidious, it may be depended on that the Spaniards have abſolutely begun, and continue, to reduce their military and marine Forces to the State in which they were before the Proſpect of a Diſpute with us. The Miniſtry are truly ſenſible of this Fact, and are at this Time poſſeſſed of an exact State of the Reduction.

A Memorial is expected from a foreign Court, expreſſing a Senſe of Diſapprobation of the Continuance of our marine Preparations, is an Offence againſt Treaties.

By our laſt Letters from Paris we learn that the French Court had reduced *nine* Men out of every Company of Infantry in the French Service. The Number of private Men thus reduced amounts to *ſixteen Thouſand*. The Appointments which were appropriated for the Payment of theſe Men are turned over to the marine Department, and a new Corps of Marines, to the Amount of that Number, is to be inſtantly formed. This Plan, it ſeems, is projected by the Abbé Terray, and is ſuppoſed to be levelled entirely againſt the marine Eſtabliſhment of Great Britain.

Her Majeſty is expected to lie in about the Beginning of April.

The Fleet under Admiral Harland is deſtined to be ſtationed in ſuch Manner as may beſt defend the Mouth of the Ganges, and thence prevent the French from making any ſudden Invaſion of the Province of Bengal, by Troops conveyed from the Mauritius, where it has been ſuſpected for ſome Time they have been ſent from France, to be ready, on a proper Opportunity, for that Purpoſe.

It is ſaid that a certain patrietick Orator is ſilenced.

It is ſaid that the Preſident of a great Aſſembly will be created a Peer.

March 11. We are aſſured, from very good Autority, that the Fate of the Kingdom of Poland is already determined; that is to ſay, that it ſhall no longer remain an *elective* Monarchy, but in what Prince's Favour this Determination is made remains a Secret. But before this mighty Change takes Place that ancient and extenſive Kingdom will undergo three *Diſmemberments* of ſome of its principal Provinces, which are to be annexed to the Dominions of more than one powerful Neighbour.

We are informed, by a reſpectable Correſpondent, that amongſt the Perſons who ſuffered from the Populace in Dublin, on a late Occaſion, was his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, whom they tumbled in the Kennel in ſuch a Manner that his Viceroyſhip, together with his Equipage, Coachman, and Footmen, were covered with Mud and Sluſh from Noſtril to Tail.

March 12. Wagers of five to one were laid on Saturday that the preſent Lord Chancellor will not hold the Seals longer than the preſent Seſſion of Parliament. If this ſhould prove ſo, it is thought that Lord Chief Juſtice De Grey will be appointed Chancellor, and that Sir Fletcher Norton will ſucceed him in the Common Pleas, and be created a Peer.

Yeſterday five Prieſts, and two Deacons, were ordained by the Biſhop of London at the Chapel Royal, St. James's. One of the young Gentlemen that was ordained Prieſt is a Foreigner, and is going to propagate the Goſpel among the Indians.

It is ſaid that, at a moderate Calculation, the fitting out the thirty three Eaſt Indiamen that ſailed laſt Seaſon with the Value of their Cargoes, in publick and private Trade, amounts to upwards of one Million three Hundred Thouſand Pounds Sterling; a vaſt Emolument to the Commerce of this Nation, in all its Branches.

When Lord Cheſterfield was aſked what he thought of the late *Spaniſh Negotiation*, he replied, "I think it is very like *Spaniſh Snuff*; it irritates the Noſtrils of our Politicians; they ſneeze copiouſly, wipe their Noſes, and pocket the Affront."

March 13. Letters from ſeveral Parts, by this Day's Dutch Mail, confirm the Account from Utrecht of the Dey of Tunis having declared War againſt the Danes. Some Accounts add that they have done it at the Inſtigation of the Algerines, againſt whom the Danes made an unſucceſsful Bombardment laſt Summer.

The Lovers of their Country ſincerely lament the paſſing of ſome late Reſolutions, as they muſt be attended with a diſagreeable Conſequence. Should they have Effect, farewel to the Liberty of the Preſs! Should they, on the contrary, be found illegal, as it is generally believed they are, the Importance of a certain Aſſembly is at an End.

The Report that a certain late foreign Plenipotentiary if of the Feminine Gender gains Ground. A noble Duke lately backed the above Opinion with five Hundred Pounds.

We are assured that the Danish Ambassadour has received Orders from his Court to engage three Thousand of the best English Seamen, with the Approbation of the British Court; and that several Danish Ships are now in the River, and more daily expected, for the Purpose of conveying them to Elsineur.

A private Sentinel in the 34th Regiment of Foot has had the good Fortune lately to succeed to the Possession of near fifteen Hundred Pounds landed Estate in Ireland, and a large Sum of ready Money, by the Death of an Uncle.

March 14. This Day Mr. Wheble sent a Letter to Sir Fletcher Norton, Speaker of the House of Commons, desiring him to inform that Honourable House that he would yield no Obedience but to the Laws of the Land; and informing the Speaker, that he had laid his Case before his Counsel (Robert Morris, Esquire) whose Opinion he enclosed. Mr. Morris's Opinion concludes with these Words:

Upon the Whole, I do advise Mr. Wheble to pay no Attention or Obedience either to the above mentioned Summons, Warrant of Apprehension, or Proclamation. All are equally unjust, and illegal. Mr. Wheble will be protected in his Resistance by Magna Charta, and by numerous Statutes which confirm our invaluable Code of Liberties. The Proclamation, moreover, seems to me to levy a cruel War upon two Individuals, without Colour of Law; and I do give it as my Opinion that Mr. Wheble may well institute an Action *upon the Case* against the Counsellors, Promoters, Aiders, Abetters, and Publishers thereof.

We are assured that one House in Birmingham has received Bills to the Amount of thirty five Thousand Pounds for fabricating military Utensils for foreign Powers, within these twelve Months.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, *March* 1.

"The Parliament of Ireland met the 26th of February. Lord Townshend was insulted by the Populace, in his Way to and from the House. The usual Addresses were moved in the Commons, and an Amendment, that contained a Compliment to the Lord Lieutenant, was carried (though all the Allurements of Peerage, Place, and Pension, were held out, and every Engine of ministerial Influence set to Work) by a Majority of only twenty five. In the House of Lords, upon a Motion of a similar Nature, the Victory was obtained for Government by no more than fourteen Voices, though the Bishops were unanimous in its Favour. On the 27th the Committees met to draw up the Addresses; but so exasperated were the People at the Proceedings of the Day before that several Thousands of them assembled, with Arms in their Hands, and surrounded both Houses of Parliament. The Lords were dragged from their Coaches, and many of them insulted and beaten. Three of the Rioters were, however, apprehended, and, with their Hangers and Prayer Books, brought to the Bar of the Upper House, and committed to Newgate; notwithstanding which the Lords were so intimidated, that, after having examined the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, who had by this Time called in the Assistance of the military Power, they immediately adjourned. In the House of Commons those who were not under the Influence of Government warmly remonstrated against the Impropriety of proceeding to Business while an Army was posted at their Door, to obstruct their Debates, and bias their Determinations. The Altercations upon this Subject continued till one in the Morning, when the House adjourned, without deciding any Thing. When the House was up, and the Speaker on the Floor, the Town Major came up to him, and desired to know what he would have done with the Troops. The Speaker replied, with great Propriety, that he knew of no Troops there; and, as Speaker of the House of Commons, could give no Advice in any Point, except when he was in the Chair, with the Mace upon the Table before him. The 28th the Commons debated till Midnight upon their sole Right to originate Money Bills, by which Means the Addresses are still postponed; and so strong is the Opposition, that, though the Court has a Majority, they cannot carry them through: A Circumstance never known in this Country before, and which shows how obnoxious the present Lord Lieutenant is become. It seems, however, as if the Ministry of England were determined to insult this Country with his Residence, even at the Hazard of an Insurrection. The Mobs still continue, to the great Terrour of the Court Party, who are in constant Dread of being torn to Pieces by the enraged Populace. Lord Townshend has not been abroad since his Return from the House of Lords, and his House in the Country is obliged to be protected by Soldiers, to prevent its being levelled with the Ground."

March 16. John Wheble, the Publisher of the Middlesex Journal, was this Day brought before Mr. Alderman Wilkes at Guildhall, by Edward Twine Carpenter, a Printer, being apprehended by him in Consequence of a Proclamation in the London Gazette of Saturday the 9th of March Instant; but the said Edward Twine Carpenter not having any other Reason for apprehending the said Mr. Wheble than what appeared in that Proclamation, the said Mr. Wheble was discharged, and then the said Mr. Wheble charged Carpenter for assaulting and unlawfully imprisoning him, and on his making Oath of the Offence, and entering into a Recognizance to prosecute Carpenter at the next Session in London, Carpenter was ordered to find Sureties to answer for this Offence, which he did, himself in forty Pounds, and his two Sureties in twenty Pound each, and was thereupon discharged. Carpenter requested a Certificate of his having apprehended Wheble, which was given to him.

GUILDHALL, *March* 15.

"This is to certify that John Wheble, the Publisher of the Middlesex Journal, was this Day apprehended and brought before me, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City of London, by Edward Twine Carpenter, of Hosier Lane, London, Printer.

JOHN WILKES, Alderman."

Immediately after this Mr. Wilkes wrote the following.

To the Right Honourable the Earl of Halifax, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State.

GUILDHALL *of* LONDON, *March* 15, 1771.

My LORD,

"I had the Honour of officiating this Day as the sitting Justice at Guildhall. John Wheble, the Publisher of the Middlesex Journal, a Freeman of London, was apprehended and brought before me by Edward Twine Carpenter, who appears to be neither a Constable nor Peace Officer of this City. I demanded of what Crime Wheble was accused, and if Oath had been made of his having committed any Felony, or Breach of the Peace, or if he lay under a Suspicion strong enough to justify his Apprehension or Detention. Carpenter answered that he did not accuse Wheble of any Crime, but had apprehended him merely in Consequence of his Majesty's Proclamation, for which he claimed the Reward of fifty Pounds. As I found there was no legal Cause of Complaint against Wheble, I thought it clearly my Duty to adjudge that he had been apprehended in the City illegally, in direct Violation of the Rights of an Englishman, and of the chartered Privileges of a Citizen of this Metropolis, and to discharge him. He then made a formal Complaint of the Assault upon him by Carpenter. I therefore bound him over to prosecute in a Recognizance of forty Pounds, and Carpenter to appear and answer the Complaint at the next Quarter Session of the Peace for this City in a Recognizance of forty Pounds himself, with two Sureties, in Recognizances of twenty Pounds each. I am, my Lord,

your Lordship's most obedient humble Servant,

JOHN WILKES."

Yesterday, in the Afternoon, Mr. Miller, Printer of the London Evening Post, was taken into Custody, by a Messenger from the Honourable House of Commons; and on his refusing to go with him, the Messenger took him by the Arm. Upon which a Constable was sent for, and Mr. Miller gave him Charge of the Messenger, for assaulting him in his own House; whereupon he was carried to the Mansion House, and at Half past six o'Clock came on a Hearing before his Lordship, and Alderman Wilkes and Oliver. In the mean Time the Serjeant at Arms, being informed of this Transaction, came to demand the Bodies of the Messenger and of Mr. Miller; upon which the Lord Mayor asked the Messenger if he had applied to a Magistrate to back the Warrant, or to any Peace Officer of the City to assist him; he replied in the negative. His Lordship then said, that so long as he was in that high Office he looked upon himself as a Guardian of the Liberties of his Fellow Citizens; that no Power had a Right to seize a Citizen of London without an Authority from him, or some other Magistrate; and that he was of Opinion the seizing of Miller, and the Warrant, were both illegal. He therefore declared Miller to be at Liberty, and proceeded to examine Witnesses to prove the Assault on him by the Messenger; which being done, his Lordship asked the latter whether he would give Bail; if not, he should be committed to Prison. He at first refused, but the Commitment being made out, and signed by the above three Majistrates, the Serjeant at Arms said that he had Bail ready for him; and two Sureties were bound in twenty Pounds each, and the Messenger in forty Pounds for his Appearance at the next Session at Guildhall. The Lord Mayor told the Serjeant at Arms that he was surprised he should trifle with him, and not give Bail at first; he replied, that he had done no more than his Duty.

Last Night, about seven o'Clock, R. Thompson, Printer of the Gazetteer, was apprehended at his own Door, in Newgate Street, and carried before Mr. Alderman Oliver, at the Mansion House, as being the Person described in his Majesty's Proclamation; but not being accused of having committed any Crime, he was discharged and set at Liberty. The Man who had apprehended him then desired a Certificate of his having acted in Pursuance of the Proclamation, in Order to obtain the Reward of fifty Pounds, which was immediately granted him.

Last Night the two young Princes were at Drury Lane Theatre, and sat on a Stool erected on an Eminence between their Majesties. They were full dressed, and appeared in their different Orders of Knighthood, and seemed well pleased with the Performance.

A Frenchman, who is just arrived here from Paris, says that it is inconceivable the different Change a few Days has produced amongst all Ranks of People in that Capital. Numbers of the Nobility, and others, who held Offices under the Crown, have resigned, and retired to their Country Seats, to enjoy private Life, and those that kept fourteen or fifteen Servants now keep but three or four; and it is supposed there are now in Paris two or three Thousand of that Fraternity out of Place, which, with the Tradesmen continually breaking, and Murders and Robberies every Night in the Streets, renders that lately gay Place a Chaos of Misery and Despair. But hear the other Side, in the following

Extract of a Letter from Paris, *March* 7.

"The People begin to resume their Spirits. The Wisdom and Equity diffused through the Edict for the Establishment of the sovereign Courts, the Suppression of the Judges Fees, and the concise and expeditious Manner of deciding litigious Affairs without altering the established Laws, do Honour to his Majesty's Reign; and the new Code of Laws of M. Maupeou confer not less Honour on the Author.

"At present, by the new Regulation, every Thing is rendered plain. God grant that it may last, and be executed according to its Intention."

March 19. The House of Commons met at Half past two o'Clock yesterday, and, after going through the Militia and several Road Bills, Lord North moved to take the Opinion of the House whether the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor of London should be ordered to attend to-morrow (this Day) in his Place, or be indulged a few Days on Account of his Illness. Lord North spoke near an Hour. He was answered in a very spirited Manner by Mr. Burke, who said that the House had made many unwarrantable Strides over the Liberties of the People, and was happy to see the noble and proper Spirit of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London against the supposed Power of the Speaker's Warrants in that City, a tame Submission to which assumed Power had been the Ruin of many Families. Mr. Serjeant Glynn spoke in Commendation of the Citizens of London, and told the House if the Keeper of Newgate knew his Duty he would refuse every Prisoner sent him. Lord North replied, and Colonel Barré and Constantine Phipps answered him. Henry L. Luterell moved that Mr. Alderman Oliver do attend this House, in his Place, at the same Time as the Lord Mayor. He was answered by Mr. Oliver, who said he should constantly attend his Duty in Parliament, and be ready at all Times to answer any Charge which can be exhibited against him; but he should not answer as a Culprit.

The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor went to the House of Commons this Day at two o'Clock, with Mr. Alderman Oliver, in his Coach. For near an Hour and a Half a vast Concourse of People waited about the Mansion House, to see his Lordship come out; and when their paternal Magistrate appeared their Applauses were testified by the loudest Acclamations from the Gate, through all the Streets.

His Lordship was so little recovered from his severe Fit of the Gout that he was supported to his Coach by three Persons.

All Business in a certain Assembly stands postponed, by Order, till the Matter now under their immediate Consideration is disposed of.

The Guards received Orders last Night to be attending in Arms all this Day upon the Parade.

We hear a Common Hall will be immediately summoned to take the Sense of the Livery concerning the Conduct of the Lord Mayor upon the late Commitment of the Messenger, when it is not doubted it will be approved without one dissenting Voice.

The Duke of Grafton lately, on reading the Newspaper, said to a very great Personage, "Why this Frolick of Onslow's has occasioned much Diversion to the People." "Yes (answered a great and amiable Lady) but who is to pay the Piper?"

It is said that Orders have been despatched for the Troops now in Scotland to hold themselves ready to march at the shortest Notice, but their Route is to be a Secret.

March 20. A distinguished Personage being lately asked his Opinion of the Debates of the House of Commons respecting the Printers, and whether he thought Sir Joseph Mawbey's Speech was by any Means fit to be printed, as, he said, it wanted the Graces of Oratory, in which those of his Opponents abounded, why, really, answered the great Personage, I consider his Opponents Speeches as Pieces of cut Velvet, which are merely pleasing to the Eye; but Sir Joseph's Speech is, like a Piece of English Broadcloth, lasting, and the Staple Commodity of our Country.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, *March* 17.

"An Order is come to the Agent Victualler to buy an Assortment of live Cattle, such as Cows, Hogs, Sheep, &c. to be put on Board the Juno Frigat, which are to be landed at Falkland's Island, in Order, if possible, to obtain a Breed of those Species at that Place."

Soon after the Lord Mayor entered the House of Commons yesterday he desired that the Business on which he was summoned might be brought on, as he was very ill, and wished to retire. The Speaker then offered him the Use of his Room. His Lordship asked if there was a Bed in it; and being answered in the negative, said it would then be of little Service to him, as he was too ill to sit up. The Business at the Mansion House on Friday being then taken into Consideration, his Lordship, in his Place, avowed the Part he had taken; asserted that what he had done was agreeable to his Oath, and the Charters of the City of London; and that he would act in the same Manner, on any future similar Occasion. Mr. Alderman Oliver also spoke in Defence of the Rights and Privileges of the Citizens of London. A Motion was then made to adjourn the farther Consideration of this Affair until that Day se'nnight, which was carried in the affirmative.

A Motion was then made by Sir Joseph Mawbey, for Mr. Wilkes to attend the House, which was agreed to.

The Lord Mayor, when he went to the House of Commons yesterday, was accompanied by a vast Concourse of People. The Number increased considerably the nearer he approached to Westminster. About Exeter Exchange, in the Strand, they began their Acclamations, which did not cease until he had got into the House of Commons, for in the very Lobby, as he came through, and even when the Door of the House of Commons was set open for him, there was not a Voice or Hand among some Hundreds of Persons, of genteel Appearance, that was not employed to demonstrate their Approbation of his Conduct; in Consequence of which immediate Orders were given to clear the Lobby, and every Person was turned out.

When the Lord Mayor left the House, the Populace, to show their Regard to that patriotick Magistrate, took his Lordship's Horses from his Coach, and drew him themselves in Triumph to the Mansion House, amidst the loud and incessant Acclamations of his applauding Fellow Citizens.

March 21. At eight o'Clock yesterday Morning Mr. Wilkes received a Summons to attend the House of Commons yesterday; but considering that it would be absurd in him to submit to an Authority which he had so often denied in the Case of others, he has sent to the Speaker a Letter signifying his determined Resolution to resist, *even unto Death*, any Power not founded on the Laws of his Country.

Last Night the Printer of a Morning Paper was discharged from his Confinement in Newgate, by Order of an august Assembly.

Women and Politicians should be always taken by Contraries. The King of Prussia's pacifick Intentions, which he so boasts of, may be guessed at by the following Proofs. He has now near fifty Thousand Men in Arms, more than he had even in the Height of last War. He has remounted most of his Cavalry with English Horses. He has several new Methods of Discipline now in Practice, but not made publick. Add to which, he has Boxes of Manifestoes printed, which Nobody but himself has a Copy of, nor can even give a Guess at, as he stood over the Press while they were printing.

March 22. Mr. Wilkes, on Tuesday, having been served with an Order to attend the House of Commons on Wednesday, wrote the following Letter to Sir Fletcher Norton.

"SIR, LONDON, *March* 20, 1771.

"I this morning received an Order commanding my Attendance this Day in the House of Commons. I observe that no Notice was taken of me in your Order as a Member of the House, and that I am not required to attend in my Place. Both these Circumstances, according to the settled Form, ought to have been mentioned in my Case, and I hold them absolutely indispensable. In the Name of the Freeholders of Middlesex, I again demand my Seat in Parliament; having the Honour to be freely chosen, by a very great Majority, one of the Representatives of the said County. I am ready to take the Oaths prescribed by Law, and to give in my Qualification as Knight of the Shire. When I have been admitted to my Seat I will immediately give the House the most exact Detail, which will necessarily comprehend a full Justification of my Conduct relative to the late illegal Proclamation, equally injurious to the Honour of the Crown and the Rights of the Subject, and likewise the whole Business of the Printers. I have acted entirely from a Sense of Duty to this great City, whose Franchises I am sworn to maintain; and to my Country, whose noble Constitution I reverence; and whose Liberties, at the Price of my Blood, to the last Moment of my Life, I will defend and support.

I am, Sir,

Your most humble Servant,

JOHN WILKES."

On Tuesday a Motion was made in the House of Commons, that the Lord Mayor should be allowed to be heard by Counsel, on which Account great Debates arose; but the Question being called for, we hear the Division was, two Hundred and two against it, and seventy ninety for it.

A French Gentleman who was present at the Examination of Miller and the Messenger last Week at the Mansion House, asking Mr. Alderman Wilkes what was the Reason of their being heard in his Lordship's *Bedchamber*, the Alderman, with his usual Wit and Pleasantry, replied, "His Lordship, Sir, only follows the French Fashion; he is holding a BED *of Justice*, in order to annul the Authority of Parliament."

It is with Pleasure that we can inform our Readers that Lord Mansfield does not approve of the ministerial Proceedings on the Affair of the Printers; and we are assured that his Lordship has declared his Opinion of the Conduct of the three celebrated City Magistrates, in a Manner that reflects Honour on their Firmness. He is, nevertheless, we hear, of Opinion that Administration must contrive to steer themselves in one Way, so that the Authority assumed by the House of Commons may not be given up in Appearance, whatever it may be in Reality.

The President of the Robinhood Society absolutely denies that he called the House of Commons the highest Court of Judicature; he termed it, he says, the highest Court of Legislature; and his Reason was because the very Strength of Government, the *sine qua non*, must originate there, and without it every Act of State would be sinewless. It is a Fact that this is the President's Assertion; but it is a Fact also that he, nevertheless, said the very Words laid to his Charge.

The Cry of the Court Party was, for two Days, very warm in Favour of Expulsions; but those Gentry are now grown a little cooler in their Notions.

It is beyond a Doubt that the *Obstinacy* of the Printers (as the Ministry term the noble Stand made by the Printers in Defence of the Liberty of the Subject, and the Law of the Land) has gravelled the Government beyond any Incident since the Commencement of the glorious Reign of George III.

The Earl of Chatham intends to make a Motion in a few Days, of greater Importance, his Lordship says, than any that has been made this Winter.

The Duke of Richmond, it is said, has another in Petto, of the very first Import.

On Monday Night Lord Hertford gave a grand (political) Rout at his Lordship's House in Grosvenor Street.

The same Night the Dutchess of Argyle gave an elegant Ball to a great Number of the Nobility and foreign Ministers.

A Treaty of Marriage is on Foot, we hear, between the Earl of Eglintoun and Miss Montgomery, an Irish Beauty, lately come over, and the present reigning Toast in the great World.

The Chaplain to a worthy Bishop, whose Living in this City is near three Hundred Pounds a Year, *most generously* gives to a poor Clergyman *seven-pence Halfpeny a Time* to read the early Prayers at his Church.

It is thought that within twenty Years this Kingdom will be blessed with as honourable and indolent, also a poor and illiterate Clergy, as the Great are now training up their Children for all the valuable Livings and Dignitaries in the Church, and the Rewards of Merit, and Encouragements to Learning, will not extend beyond a beggarly Curacy of forty or fifty Pounds a Year.

March 26. The House of Commons had divided twice, and remained sitting when this Paper went to Press. According to their late Custom, no Strangers were admitted into the Galleries; and to keep their Debates still more secret, the Lobby Doors were shut to all but Members. The Numbers, on their second Division, were, for Adjournment, two Hundred and fourteen Noes, ninety seven Ayes. By what could be learnt from such Members as came out, it appeared to be the intended Resolution of the House to commit both the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver to the Tower; but as those honourable Friends who favour this Paper with parliamentary Intelligence did not divide with the Majority, or come at all out of the House, we must defer a farther and more full Account of this important Matter till to-morrow's Paper. At one o'Clock the House was dividing, for the third Time. The Lord Mayor desired to withdraw at Half after ten, on Account of his Illness.

Two o'Clock. The Printer has just received Intelligence that Alderman Oliver is committed to the Tower; that the farther Consideration of the Lord Mayor's Affair, which the House terms a high Misdemeanor, is to be debated to-morrow, and that the House still continues sitting.

Yesterday there was a Levee at St. James's, after which there was a Council, at which the great Officers of State assisted.

Wagers of five to one are laid that Lord Townshend will be the last Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Yesterday Lord Hillsborough gave an Entertainment to several of the Ministers of State; the Lord Chancellor and Lord Mansfield dined with his Lordship.

The House of Peers broke up yesterday about Half past four o'Clock.

It is thought that both Houses of Parliament will adjourn on Thursday next until Tuesday the 8th of April.

Yesterday Afternoon, between four and five o'Clock, a Motion was made in the Lower Assembly whether the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, in his late Conduct to one of the Messengers of their House, had not been guilty of a Breach of Privilege. Sir George Saville immediately moved for the previous Question, and declared that if the first Motion was carried, he, and he hoped every independent Gentleman, would immediately quit the House; upon which a long Debate ensued.

Just as Sir George had made the Motion Serjeant Glynn arrived at the House, by Express, from attending the Circuit.

Yesterday a five Hundred Pound Bank Bill was offered to one that the Conduct of the Lord Mayor would not be voted a Breach of Privilege.

Yesterday the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, and Mr. Alderman Oliver, went through the City to the House of Commons, in Consequence of an Order of the House to attend this Day in their Places. The Lord Mayor was attended in his Coach by his Chaplain (Mr. Evans) and Mr. George Bellas. They were accompanied by the Aldermen Stephenson, Turner, Kirkman, and the several Common Council that were ordered of the Committee, and were met at the House by Alderman Sir Charles Asgill. When they arrived there, the Lord Mayor, his Chaplain, the Aldermen, and Common Council, were ordered into the House. They were accompanied thither by a prodigious Concourse of People, among whom was a great Number of Gentlemen, Merchants, and reputable Tradesmen, many of whom went in their Carriages.

Last Night, at eleven o'Clock, the Lord Mayor returned to the Mansion House. Some of the Sons of Liberty, and Wellwishers to every Asserter of the publick Rights and Franchises, who attended his Lordship to and from the House of Commons, took his Horses from his Coach and drew him through the City, amidst the unanimous Applause of reechoing Multitudes.

On Sunday Evening, at the Macarony Club, three Hundred Pounds to two Hundred Pounds were betted that a certain City Culprit will be either sent to the Tower, Newgate, or publickly reprimanded on his Knees in the House of Commons! The Odds were five Hundred Pounds to two Hundred Pounds that neither of the two Delinquents will be expelled. The House of Commons nauseate the Idea of that Punishment, G—e Sel—n says, they having had a Surfeit of it.

How wretched must have been the Conduct of the Ministry in Regard to the Affair of the Printers, when it is universally condemned by Friends and Enemies! Nay, their loudest Abetters in the House, it is well known, condemn them out of it.

Yesternay a fool-hardy Gentleman, passing through the Mob at the Parliament House, cried out aloud, "Gentlemen, let me pass; I hope that none of the Lord Mayor's Friends will pick my Pocket." Notwithstanding the Grossness of the Insult, he was suffered to pass unmolested.

The Deputy Serjeant at Arms, when before the Lord Mayor, and the Aldermen Wilkes and Oliver, opposed the Messenger's entering into Recognizance for his Appearance at the City Sessions, till the Messenger's Mittimus was actually made out and signed. He opposed it, we are told, to see what Length the brave Citizens would go in *Conformity to Law*. When Morgan, the Lord Mayor's Clerk, was ordered before the House of Commons with the Minute Book, he was suffered to comply, to see how far they would go *in Opposition to Law*.

Mr. Wedderburne, though he said he could not see any reasonable Objection against the Publication of the parliamentary Speeches, as they were infinitely superiour to the Speeches delivered in the House, exerts himself strenuously against the Lord Mayor. Since he disapproved of the Ground Work of the ministerial Proceedings, how can he approve of the Superstructure!

Saturday, at Noon, the Chevalier D'Eon went to New Lloyd's Coffee-house, in Pope's Head Alley, and inquired for the Broker who had made the scandalous Ensurance on him; who being introduced to him, he insisted on his giving up his Principal, or Employer. The Broker promised that he would give him a Meeting, when he would deliver up his Principal; on which he went away, seemingly satisfied.

An extraordinary Event has happened in high Life, that is very surprising, and alarming, to the Women of Gallantry. A young Lady of high Rank, of a very warm and amourous Disposition, being detected in an Amour (with an amiable young Officer) by her injured Husband, she was, in Consequence, close confined, and guarded by a trusty Duenna, at a distant Country Seat, above a Year; political Reasons, at that Period, preventing legal Redress to the unfortunate and much to be pitied

Marits. The Conſequence of dreary Impriſonment, and reſtrained Love, was ſo fatal to the pining and loveſick *Speſa* that during the firſt Year of her Confinement ſhe loſt almoſt entirely her Set of Teeth. This ſhocking Cataſtrophe, being no Secret to the polite World, the Ladies of Fire and Faſhion took the Alarm; and to prevent ſuch dire Effects from reſtrained Love for the future, they inſtantly inſtituted the *Coterie*, where Reſtraint of Inclination is unknown, *Love and Freedom* being their Motto.

We hear that in digging the Canal in Dullater Bog, near Kilſyth, the Workmen lately found a conſiderable Number of Pikes, Swords, Halberts, and ſome Piſtols without Locks, and the Skeletons of Men and Horſes, quite entire. Some of the Swords were ſent to Glaſgow, and the Moſs has preſerved them ſo well that they cannot be ſaid to be in the leaſt conſumed, though covered with Ruſt. It is probable they have lain there ſince the Battle of Killſyth 1645, when a Party of the Covenanters were defeated by the Marquis of Montroſe.

The Enemies of Lord Chatham accuſe his Gout of being a Politician; as his Toe never complained, according to them, but when he deſpaired of making any Figure in the Houſe. When any popular Subject ſtarted up, he laid aſide his Crutch, and took up his Bed and walked. Is not the ſame Obſervation applicable to the Fever and ſwelled Face of Alderman Townſend?

On Saturday two Gentlemen walking in Weſtminſter Hall, one was heard to ſay, "If theſe city Grocers and Dryſalters are ſuffered to go unpuniſhed, we ſhall in the next Place have Chimneyſweeps and Shoeblacks diſputing the Authority of the two Houſes." But this Gentleman ſhould remember that the meaneſt Subject in Britain has the ſame Right to queſtion their Authority as the moſt wealthy Man in the Kingdom,

Some miniſterial Gentlemen have declared that if they get Mr. Wilkes once more into their Clutches they will take Care he ſhall never give them any more Uneaſineſs. But we hope the Patriot will take care theſe Beaſts of Prey do not glut themſelves with ſuch forbidden Fruit; but if they do, it will moſt aſſuredly produce their Fall, which would be more pleaſing to be brought about by ſome other Method.

GLASGOW, *March* 7. It is with Pleaſure we can inform our Readers that the great Canal between Forth and Clyde is at preſent carrying on with the greateſt Alacrity and Deſpatch, and that there are now about fifteen Miles of it made and about twenty Locks almoſt finiſhed; and it is ſaid, by the End of the Year, the Canal will be navigable all the Way from the Firth of Forth to Killſyth.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 9.

CAPTAIN Barron, who left London the 27th of March, ſays that on the next Day, while he lay in the Downs, he was informed that the Lord Mayor had been committed to the Tower, which Account was confirmed to him by a Veſſel that he met a few Days afterwards at Sea, and kept Company with for ſome Time, bound to New York; and that the Populace had cut the Ears and Tails off Lord North's Coach Horſes, and demoliſhed the Carriage entirely.

We hear likewiſe that the Merchants of London, by Subſcription, had offered to bail the Lord Mayor for five Millions; and, on its being refuſed, had come to a Reſolution to make a Run on the Bank for that whole Sum.

On Monday laſt the following Criminals were brought to the Bar of the General Court, to receive Sentence.

Richard Sowerbutts, and Charles Jackſon, for Felony, condemned. Henry Collier, from Surry, for Murder, and Peter Brown, from Dinwiddie, for Felony, burnt in the Hand, and twelve Months Impriſonment.

A R R I V A L S.

In James River. Savannah La Mar, Tomlinſon, Betſey, Danby, Randolph, Walker, and Molly, Barron, from London; and Bowman, Stevenſon, from Glaſgow.

In York River. Cæſar, Wood, and Brothers, Emms, from Briſtol.

Advertiſements.

To the Reverend the CLERGY of VIRGINIA,

Reverend Brethren,

I LATELY took the Liberty, as would appear from the publick Papers, of requeſting a full Meeting of the Clergy as upon this Day; but as I have been made to underſtand that Notification was not taken in the Senſe I deſigned it ſhould have been, and therefore has not produced the Effect intended, I find myſelf obliged to repeat my Solicitation for that Purpoſe.

I therefore now propoſe, and requeſt of you, that a Convention of the Clergy may be held on the 4th of the next Month, at ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the College of *William* and *Mary*. And that the expreſs Intention of applying to you for this Convention may not poſſibly be miſapprehended by any Perſons whatſoever, I have judged it proper here to mention that the Subject I ſhall then recommend to your moſt ſerious Conſideration and Attention will be one that muſt appear of the higheſt Importance, namely, the Expediency of an Application to proper Authority for an *American* Epiſcopate. I beg Leave to add my moſt earneſt Hopes and Wiſhes that we may all then meet well diſpoſed to embrace ſuch Sentiments, and enter upon ſuch Reſolutions, as ſhall be moſt becoming ourſelves, and at the ſame Time give no juſt Occaſion of Diſſatisfaction or Uneaſineſs to the candid, the diſpaſſionate, and unprejudiced Part of the Laity. I am, with true Regard,

William & Mary College, *May* 4, 1771. } Your affectionate Brother, a The COMMISSARY.

THE Treaſurer, Truſtees, and Subſcribers to the Fund for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of Clergymen, met on the 4th Inſtant, according to Appointment, and made Collections at the Church on the Day following, from whence they derive the Sum of ſixty one Pounds nine Shillings, which they cannot reflect upon without a deep Senſe of the Obligation they are under to the bountiful Contributors. The Sum ordered before the Meeting broke up, on the 6th, to be diſtributed among ſix Widows, and ſeveral Orphans, is ſixty Pounds fifteen Shillings. The Officers appointed are the Reverend *John Camm*, Treaſurer; the Reverend *Robert Barrett*, *Thomas Price*, *Alexander Cruden*, *Samuel Klug*, *William Dunlap*, and *Prite Davis*, Truſtees; *Matthew Maury* Preacher in the Forenoon, and *William Bland* Preacher in the Afternoon. By Order,

JACOB BRUCE, Clerk.

ALL Perſons that have Demands againſt the Eſtate of *John Perſon*, late of *Southampton* County, deceaſed, are deſired to produce them properly authenticated, as we intend to ſettle that Eſtate at *Southampton October* Court. Preference will be given to Judgments, Bonds, Notes, and then Accounts as far as the Eſtate will go.

1‖ BENJAMIN PERSON, } Executors. RICHARD CLIFTON, }

ALL Perſons that have Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Chriſtopher Clinch*, deceaſed, are deſired to make them properly authenticated. Preference will be given to Judgments, Bonds, and then Accounts as far as that Eſtate will go.

1‖ SAMUEL YEARGAN, Adminiſtrator.

WHEREAS the Copartnery between Meſſ. *George Kippen*, and Company, Merchants of *Glaſgow*, was diſſolved the firſt of laſt *September*, owing to the Death of ſome of the Partners, and Mr. *William Mitchell* was appointed to collect the Debts then due at their different Stores, thoſe indebted, whoſe Accounts, Bonds, or other Specialties, are put into his Hands, are deſired to pay him their reſpective Balances. The long Indulgence already given leaves no Room to expect any farther. The Stores are continued as formerly, by a new Company, under the old Firm. JAMES LYLE.

THE Subſcriber has for Sale, for the Benefit of certain Creditors of *William Satterwhite*, two Hundred and ſixty eight Acres of fine rich LAND in *Pittſylvania* County, whereon *James Blevins* formerly lived. The Terms may be known by applying to me, in *Charlotte*. 1‖ PAUL CARRINGTON.

CUMBERLAND, *April* 17, 1771.

WHEREAS on the 15th of *December* laſt I bought a Negro Girl named SILLER, of a certain *John Arnold* of *Spotſylvania* County, for the Sum of fifty two Pounds fifteen Shillings, to be paid at a future Day, and have been ſince informed that the ſaid Negro is under an Encumbrance, which I am rather inclined to believe, as *Arnold*, by earneſt Entreaty, prevailed on me to give my Bond for the Purchaſe Money aforeſaid, payable to Mr. *Samuel Temple*, alleging that he intended, with that Money, to purchaſe a Negro Boy of Mr. *Temple*, who would ſooner take a Bond payable to himſelf than an aſſigned One, I therefore requeſt the Favour of any Perſon who may claim Title to, or Intereſt in, the ſaid Negro, to inform me of the ſame as ſoon as poſſible. All Perſons are cautioned againſt the ſaid Bond.

1‖ ZACHARIAH HENDRICK.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 8, 1771.

I HEREBY give Notice to all Perſons concerned in the Caveat Buſineſs, that they attend at the Council Chamber on the *Wedneſday* immediately after the ſecond *Tueſday* in next Month. (By Order of the Council)

JOHN BLAIR, Junior, C. C.

WHEREAS Mr. EDWARD VOSS, on or about the 10th of *January* laſt, ſold me two Negro Boys, to wit, *David* for forty five Pounds, and *Ben* for fifty Pounds, at which Time I granted my Bond to the ſaid *Voſs* for the Sum of ninety five Pounds, the Conſiderations aforeſaid, payable the firſt Day of the next enſuing *May*, and having ſince fully paid the Conſideration of forty five Pounds for *Davie*, and finding that I have been impoſed on in the Sale of the other Negro Boy *Ben*, I do hereby caution all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment of the ſaid Bond. ‖ GERARD BANKS.

WHEREAS it has been reported, by certain ſly and malicious Perſons, that I have kept *Filmer Moore* from viſiting his Wife and Child, which he placed at my Houſe, I do here declare that the ſaid Report is entirely falſe, and that the ſaid *Moore* has had, and ſtill has, free Liberty to viſit his Wife, or remove her to any Place of Peace and Safety when he ſhall think proper.

1‖ CHARLES MILES.

AS my Huſband *Filmer Moore* has publickly ſaid his Mother would ſooner live in a hollow Tree than with me, and has removed me to my Father's Houſe, with Promiſe to come and live with me until I could be better provided for (which I can prove by divers Witneſſes) but ſince has falſified his Word, and has perfidiouſly abſented, and kept himſelf from me theſe ſix Months, without any Provocation from me *(ſo that he has eloped from me, and not I from him)* I do here declare that I intend to remain in the Situation he has placed me until he does come and account for the undeſerved ſcandalous Treatment which I have received at his Hands. And as he has forbid all Perſons from crediting or entertaining me, I can prove this to be only Spite and ill Will; for I have not run him in Debt one Farthing, nor removed from my Station wherein I was placed by him.

1‖ ELIZABETH MOORE.

Juſt IMPORTED, *and to be* SOLD *cheap for ready Money, by the Subſcriber, in* Williamſburg,

A NEAT and ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of

PAPER HANGINGS,

of various Kinds, and of the neweſt Faſhions, for Staircaſes, Rooms, and Ceilings; namely, embоſſed, Stucco, Chintz, ſtriped, Moſaick, Damaſk, and common.——*** Rooms papered in the neateſt Manner, and on reaſonable Terms. BENJAMIN BUCKTROUT.

MAY 4, 1771.

THE genteel Contribution at HANOVER Court laſt, for the Emolument of my Wife and Children, demands the greateſt Acknowledgment. I do therefore very ſincerely return my moſt grateful Thanks to my worthy Benefactors, and inform them that the Money raiſed was, by the Truſtees, laid out in the Purchaſe of four of my Negroes, and ſettled on my Wife for her Life, and after her Death on our Children. HARRY TOMPKINS.

RICHMOND, *May* 6, 1771.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *John Kerr*, deceaſed, at *Wilton*, are deſired to make immediate Payment to the Executors before *Henrico June* Court, and not depend on any longer Indulgence. Thoſe who have got any Demands againſt the Eſtate are deſired to make them known, and they ſhall have them diſcharged by

2‖ JOHN CLARK, Executor.

MAY 2, 1771.

THE wet Weather laſt *November* having ſtopped the Sale of the perſonal Eſtate of the late *John Mercer*, Eſquire, the Remainder, conſiſting of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE (except Beds, which are ſold) about ſeven Hundred Ounces of faſhionable PLATE, a genteel COACH, with HARNESS for ſix Horſes, a CHARIOT, a great Collection of well choſen Books, *&c. &c.* will be ſold at *Marlborough*, on *Monday* the 27th of this Month, if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day. Purchaſers above five Pounds will be credited until the next *Fredericksburg September* Fair, giving Bond, with Security, bearing Intereſt from the Day of Sale; the Intereſt to be abated if the Principal is paid by the Day when due.

The very beautiful Horſe RANTER is yet unſold.——Five per Cent. Diſcount will be allowed for ready Money.

Veſſels will attend at *Paſpytanzy*, as at the laſt Sale.

A SOBER Man that has been uſed to Bookkeeping, who can come well recommended, and will engage for a Term of Years, may hear where he can get good Wages by applying to the Printer.

HANOVER County, *May* 1, 1771.

IF a Perſon named *Dean* (a Nephew of *Abel Dean*, of *Cliſton*, near *Briſtol*) who was ſuppoſed to reſide ſome Time ago near *Williamſburg*, be living, and will apply to the Subſcriber, he will hear of Something greatly to his Advantage; or if he be dead, any Perſon who can inform when and where he died will oblige

GEORGE BRAIKENRIDGE.

NORFOLK, *May* 7, 1771.

THE TALLOW CHANDLER's Buſineſs is carried on by the Subſcriber, at the NORTH AMERICAN Coffee-houſe, in *Church* Street, where he makes and ſells the beſt moulded CANDLES at ten Pence Halfpenny a Pound by the Box, and dipped Ones at ten Pence a Pound by the Box. All Maſters of Veſſels, and others who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on his utmoſt Endeavours to give Satisfaction.

Genteel LODGINGS, with good Stabling for Horſes, on the moſt reaſonable Terms. 4 R. PEARSE.

To be SOLD *at* Richmond, *on* Monday *the* 20*th of this Inſtant* (May)

FIFTY likely SLAVES, chiefly young Men and Women. The Purchaſers will have Credit to ſuit themſelves; and great Bargains may be had for ready Money or Tobacco. An undoubted Title will be made by 1 DAVID ROSS.

LOST, on the 2d of *April*, a SILVER WATCH, with a Cap over the inner Work, marked *James Lockie*, No. 133, and runs on Diamonds. A Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS will be given to any One that brings it to the Poſt Office.

AS upwards of twelve Months are now expired ſince the Store kept in *Eſſex* County, by Mr. *William Snodgraſs*, on Account of Meſſ. *John M'Call* and Company, Merchants in *Glaſgow*, has been diſcontinued, thoſe Perſons indebted are deſired to make immediate Payment to the Subſcriber; for as many of the Debts have been ſeveral Years due, no longer Indulgence can be given.

JAMES CAMPBELL.

CHESTERFIELD *(Cat Hole)* May 1, 1771.

SOME Time laſt Fall a CARPET was left at my Houſe by ſome Negroes, the Size of it about eleven Feet by ten, which the Owner may have on proving his Property and paying for this Advertiſement. JOHN BAUCH.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 30, 1771.

ABOUT a Fortnight ago I lent a dunniſh bay coloured Horſe twelve Years old, fourteen Hands high, with a hanging Mane and Bob Tail, branded on the near Buttock G, to a Negro Man belonging to Mrs. *Digges*, deceaſed, to go to *Corotoman* on a Meſſage from the Family; the Negro is returned, and ſays he either ſtrayed or was ſtolen from him at *Glouceſter* Courthouſe, on his Return. The Horſe paces, trots, and gallops, and works well. I will give TWENTY SHILLINGS to any One that will bring him to me.

2 BEN: WALLER

NORFOLK, *May* 8, 1771.

AS I have mentioned my Expectations of giving up *James Campbell* and Company's Buſineſs, I take this Method to acquaint our Friends that we have come to a farther Agreement, and that I ſhall continue to do their Buſineſs as uſual. We have for Sale CORDAGE of all Kinds, LEATHER of all Kinds, *Weſt India* GOODS of all Kinds, Continent RUM, REFINED SUGAR, and, in ſhort, will always be glad to ſupply our Friends with any Goods they want at our Market. ALEXANDER LOVE.

To be SOLD *in* York *Town, on* Tueſday *the* 14*th Inſtant*,

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of the late *Thomas Jameſon*, deceaſed, conſiſting chiefly of HOUSEHOLD, and KITCHEN FURNITURE. Credit will be allowed until the 10th of *April* next for Sums exceeding twenty five Shillings, provided the Purchaſers give Bond and Security to

1 LEWIS TYLER, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. Perſons who have Demands againſt that Eſtate are deſired to preſent them legally adjuſted, and thoſe indebted thereto are deſired to make immediate Payment.

To be SOLD *by the Subſcribers, at their Store in* Norfolk, *upon the moſt reaſonable Terms,*

A LARGE and genteel Aſſortment of GOODS adapted to the Seaſon, juſt opened. Likewiſe a Quantity of *Iriſh* and *German* Linens, *Britiſh* and *German* Oſnabrugs, Rolls, Nails, Ironmongery and Hardware of all Kinds, Shoes, Saddles, Pewter, Haberdaſhery, checked Linens, Sail Canvas, Earthen and Glaſs Ware, Powder and Shot, Hats, *&c. &c.* put up in Packages for Wholeſale; *Scotch* Herrings, in Firkins and Half Barrels, Barley in Kegs, and a few Seines from twenty five to fifty Fathoms. HECTOR M'ALESTER, & Co.

Purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Mr. Andrew Cubbin, *deceaſed, will be expoſed to* SALE, *in the Town of* Peterſburg, *on the* 20*th Inſtant* (May)

ONE Acre LOT in the new Addition to the aforeſaid Town, with the Improvements thereon; all his Houſehold Furniture, a blooded Mare, and two Horſes. Six Months Credit will be given for all Sums above fifty Shillings, giving Bond and Security.

2‖ DOROTHY CUBBINS, Executrix.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the above Eſtate are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts, and thoſe who have any Demands to make them known at the Day of Sale.

To be SOLD *on* Wedneſday *the* 5*th of* June *next, on the Premiſes, for ready Money, or Merchants Notes payable at the* June OYER *Court, by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt from* David George,

A VALUABLE Tract of TOBACCO LAND, in the County of *Charlotte*, lying on both Sides of *Brickhouſe* Creek, near *Fuqua's* Ferry, containing five Hundred and twenty five Acres; there is a well accuſtomed Griſtmill on the ſaid Land, which is well ſupplied with a conſtant Stream of Water. FEILD & CALL.

On the firſt Monday *in* June *next, at the Courthouſe of* Charlotte *County, will be* SOLD,

THREE Hundred and fifteen Acres of fine TOBACCO LAND, whereon *William Holt* now lives. It is attended with every Convenience that can be expected from any Land in that County. Poſſeſſion will be delivered at *Chriſtmas* next.

1‖ ANDREW FRENCH.

To be SOLD *by Virtue of a Decree of* PRINCE EDWARD *County Court, on* Pittſylvania *Court Day, in* June *next, at the Courthouſe of that County,*

SIX Hundred and twenty Acres of LAND in the ſaid County of *Pittſylvania*; alſo two SLAVES, late the Property of *Richard Perryman*. The ſaid *Perryman* lives on the Land, and will ſhow it to any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe. 1‖ GEORGE MOORE.

To be LET *to the loweſt Bidder, on* Thurſday *the* 8*th of* Auguſt *next, at* Lunenburg *Courthouſe*,

THE building of a Church near the *Reedy* Creek old Church in the ſaid County, ſixty Feet long, twenty eight Feet wide, and eighteen Feet Pitch in the clear. About one Hundred Pounds will be paid to the Undertaker in *October* next, Half the Balance in *October* 1772, and the Remainder in *October* 1773, by the Truſtees.

The Plan and Articles concerning the above mentioned Church may be ſeen at any Time between the Date of this Advertiſement and the Day of letting, by applying to the Reverend Mr. *James Craig*, at the Glebe, in *Cumberland* Pariſh, in the ſaid County. 2‖

COMMITTED to the Jail of *Cheſterfield* County, on the 19th of *April*, a Negro Man who ſays his Name is MINGO, and that he formerly belonged to *George Rankin*, of *Suffolk* County, but cannot or will not tell his preſent Owner's Name. He is a middle ſized Fellow, well made, his Clothing a black Waiſtcoat, the two fore Skirts Plush, an old ſpotted Cotton Waiſtcoat, a Pair of yellow Thickſet Breeches, and an Oſnabrug Shirt. The Owner is deſired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

JAMES BALL, Jailer.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Glouceſter* County, the 1ſt of *November* laſt, a likely *Virginia* born Negro Woman named MILLY, about four Feet eight or ten Inches high, and has a large Scar on one of her Arms. She was formerly the Property of Mrs. *Churchill* of *Middleſex*, and is ſuppoſed to be lurking about there, or Mr. *John Smith*'s Plantation in *Lancaſter*. Any Perſon that will apprehend the ſaid Negro, and deliver her to me, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward. ‖ PETER WIATT.

To Meſſ. PURDIE & DIXON.

GENTLEMEN, NORFOLK, *April* 27, 1771.

IN your laſt Paper I obſerve a Piece ſigned MEANWELL, concerning a Bill of Exchange, in which the Initials L. and P. are made Uſe of. I make no Doubt but they are intended for Mr. *Loyall* and myſelf, and that it is the Production of ſome infamous Fellow, whoſe own Character will not ſtand the Teſt, and whoſe ſole Study muſt be to create and ſupport Diſturbances amongſt us. I think it my Duty to inform the Publick that it is a falſe malicious Inſinuation. We had ſhipped Goods to Meſſ. *Croſbie* and Company, of *Liverpool*, in *January*, to the Amount of four Hundred and fifteen Pounds thirteen Shillings and four Pence, and at the laſt *June* Court Mr. *Loyall* propoſed drawing on thoſe Gentlemen for two Hundred Pounds, which Money he believed he ſhould have Occaſion for before he left *Williamſburg*. My Buſineſs called me away before him, and he drew for that Sum, not doubting but he had a Right to to do. I ſhall be glad if Mr. *Meanwell* will diſcover himſelf, that I may at leaſt inform him that he ought not to meddle with my private Affairs.

MATTHEW PHRIPP.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 2, 1771.

THE Subſcriber carries on the MILLINERY Buſineſs at her Shop next Door to Mr. *Robert Anderſon*'s Tavern, and has for Sale a great Variety of Articles in that Way, with TOYS, *Straſburg*, Rappee, *Weſton*'s, and *Scotch* SNUFF, *&c. &c.*——*** She makes Ladies Hats, Bonnets, Cloaks, and Cardinals; and mounts Fans, in the neateſt Manner. MARGARET HUNTER.

To the PUBLICK.

A CLERGYMAN of the Church of *England*, a ſober young Man, with a good Character, would ſerve as a Miniſter to a Church in any of his Majeſty's Plantations, upon Trial, on reaſonable Terms. He propoſes to teach Ladies and Gentlemen the *French*, *Latin*, *Greek*, and *Engliſh* Languages, Book-keeping by double Entry, Algebra, Geometry, Meaſuring, Surveying, Mechanicks, Fortification, Gunnery, Navigation, and the Uſe of the Globes and Maps, after a natural, eaſy, and conciſe Method, without Burthen to the Memory. For Particulars, Letters directed (Poſt paid) to the Reverend *W. S.* to the Care of the Reverend *Thomas Smith*, Rector of *Cople* Pariſh in *Weſtmoreland*, *Potowmack*, *Virginia*, will have proper Anſwers as ſoon as poſſible.

For CHARTER,

THE new Ship ANNE, Burthen about three Hundred and ſeventy Hogſheads of Tobacco. She will be ready to take in a Cargo by the 10th of *May*. For Terms apply to the Subſcribers, in *Norfolk*.

WILLIAM & JOHN BROWN

POETS CORNER.

The judicious BACCHANAL.

WHILE the Bottle to Humour, and ſocial Delight,
The ſmalleſt Aſſiſtance can lend;
While it happily keeps up the Laugh of the Night,
Or enlivens the Mind of a Friend;

O let me enjoy it, ye bountiful Powers,
That Time may deliciouſly paſs;
And ſhould Care ever think to intrude on my Hours,
Scare the Haggard away with the Glaſs.

But, inſtead of a rational Feaſt of the Senſe,
Should Diſcord preſide o'er the Bowl,
And Folly, Debate, or Contention commence,
From too great an Expanſion of Soul;

Should the Man I eſteem, or the Friend of my Breaſt,
In the Ivy feel nought but the Rod;
Should I make ſweet Religion a profligate Jeſt,
And daringly ſport with my God;

From my Lips daſh the Poiſon, O merciful Fate,
Where the Madneſs or Blaſphemy hung,
And let every Accent, which Virtue ſhould hate,
Parch quick on my infamous Tongue.

From my Sight let the Curſe be eternally driven,
Where my Reaſon ſo fatally ſtray'd,
That no more I may offer an Inſult to Heaven,
Or give Man a Cauſe to upbraid.

HIS Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a fifth Packet Boat to the Station between *Falmouth* and *New York*, Notice is hereby given that the Mail, for the future, will be cloſed, at the Poſt Office in *New York*, at twelve of the Clock at Night, on the firſt *Tueſday* in every Month, and deſpatched by a Packet, the next Day, for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the Deputy Poſtmaſter General.
ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *William Yarbrough*, deceaſed, are deſired to make them known to *James Smith Yarbrough*, in *Prince Edward* County, or to me in *Blandford*, before the 10th of *September* next, that Proviſion may be made to ſatisfy the ſame; and thoſe indebted to him are deſired to make Payment ſoon. RICHARD YARBROUGH.

ESSEX, *May* 1, 1771.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Robert Sp. Coleman*, deceaſed, are deſired, *for the laſt Time*, to make them known to me immediately, that I may know what of his Debts remain unpaid, and act accordingly.
ANDREW CRAWFORD, Executor.

PARTNER

WILL ſtand this Season at Colonel *Thomas M. Randolph's*, in *Goochland*, and cover Mares at twenty Shillings the Leap, three Pounds the Season, and five Pounds Enſurance. Good Paſturage, and the Money is expected when the Mares are taken away.
ARMISTEAD LIGHTFOOT.

To be SOLD, *in Purſuance to the laſt Will and Teſtament of* Drury Stith, *deceaſed, on* Monday *the* 3d *of* June, *at* Charlotte *Courthouſe, being Court Day,*

ALL the LAND on *Jones's* Creek, in the ſaid County, remaining unſold, and being Part of a Tract of four Thouſand two Hundred Acres granted to the ſaid *Drury Stith* by Patent; the Quantity may be known at the Day of Sale. And on *Monday* the 10th of the ſame Month, at *Mecklenburg* Courthouſe, being Court Day, ſeven Hundred and eighty Acres of Land on the Branches of *Blueſtone*, in the ſaid County. Credit will be allowed until the 22d of *March* next, on giving Bond, with approved Security, to THOMAS STITH, Adminiſtrator.

Juſt IMPORTED, *and to be* SOLD *by the Subſcribers in* NORFOLK.

A QUANTITY of GRENADA COFFEE, GRENADA and ANTIGUA RUM, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, *&c. &c. &c.* 2 GREENWOOD, MARSH, & Co.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the* 17*th of* JUNE, *at* ESSEX *Courthouſe, being Court Day,*

TWO LOTS in the Town of *Toppahannock*, belonging to *William Hathaway*. Theſe Lots have convenient Houſes on them, and are well paled in; and are to be ſold, by a Decree of *Eſſex* Court, on twelve Months Credit. Bond and Security will be required of the Purchaſers.

N. B. Should the 17th of *June* not be a fair Day, the Sale will be put off until the next Court.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, by Virtue of a Decree of* Surry *Court, before Mr* Francis Moreland's *Tavern, at* Cabin Point, *on* Saturday *the* 18*th Inſtant,*

TWO Hundred and thirty five Acres of very valuable LAND, lying on *Chipax* Creek, in *Surry* County, about a Mile below *Cabin Point*. There is on the Premiſes a Dwellinghouſe, and ſome Outhouſes; it is well wooded and watered, and has the beſt Fiſhery on the Creek. It is a convenient and beautiful Situation for a Merchant, or private Family, and belongs to the Eſtate of *Robert Watkins*, deceaſed. Thoſe who incline to purchaſe may be ſhown the Premiſes by applying to Mr. *Philip Birt*, who lives on the ſame. Three Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer giving Bond, with approved Security, to

3 THOMAS BAILEY.

COMMITTED to *Surry* Jail, on the 24th of *April*, a Negro Fellow about ſix Feet high, has loſt one of his upper fore Teeth, is about thirty Years old, and ſays he belongs to *Samuel Young* of *Mecklenburg* County. The Owner is deſired to ſend for him, and pay Charges. DRURY WARREN.

P. S. He had with him, when taken up, a dark black Mare about fourteen Hands high, Part of one of her hind Feet is white, has a ſmall Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder, but not known.

RICHMOND Town, *April* 30, 1771.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on the 18th Inſtant, an outlandiſh Negro named MINGO. He had on a blue under Jacket, and a light brown One over it, has a ſore Finger on his left Hand, and ſpeaks but indifferent *Engliſh*. Whoever delivers the ſaid Negro to me at *Richmond*, or to Mr. *James Marſden* at *Norfolk*, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, beſides what the Law allows.
Tf JOHN BROOKE.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a ſmall bay HORSE, about four Feet high, dockt, but has no Brand perceivable, ſome Saddle Spots, a Spot on the off Side of his Neck, and had a ſmall Bell on. Poſted, and appraiſed to forty Shillings. JOHN ELLIES.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 2, 1771.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, about three Weeks ago, from this Town, a dark bay HORSE with a roached Mane and Bob Tail, thirteen Hands and a Half high, about ten Years old, paces and canters very eaſy; I believe he is not branded. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to me ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward; and if ſtolen, on Diſcovery of the Thief, FORTY SHILLINGS.
2 WILLIAM MASSENBURG.

TAKEN up, in *Prince George*, a dark gray HORSE, about four Feet and an Inch high, five or ſix Years old, with a roached Mane and Switch Tail. Poſted, and appraiſed to forty Shillings.
JAMES HALL.

TAKEN up, in *Brunſwick*, a large bay HORSE, about four Feet ten Inches high, twenty one Years old, branded on the near Buttock R H. Poſted, and appraiſed to thirty Shillings.
JAMES HICKS, Senior.

TAKEN up, in *Louiſa*, a ſmall MARE, three Years old next Spring, about four Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, with a Blaze in her Face, her hind Feet white, branded on the near Buttock, but too dull to be made out. Poſted, and appraiſed to twelve Pounds.
BENJAMIN HAWKINS.

WHEREAS ſome Years paſt, when Major *Peachey* was ſtationed in *Auguſta* County, the Subſcriber being in Captain *Thomas Fleming's* Company, and at *Staunton*, in the ſaid County, did borrow Money of two Soldiers in the ſaid Company, one named *Fardow*, and the other *Hatcher* (or *Thatcher*) now if either of the above Perſons will pleaſe to apply to *Thomas Stockton*, Senior, on *Mitcham's* River, *Albemarle* County, they may receive their different Debts due to them.
CHARLES BROOKE.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the deceaſed *Gerrard Elliſon*, of *Cheſterfield* County, are deſired to make immediate Payment to the Executors. Thoſe who have Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make them known, that the ſame may be diſcharged by
6 ABRAHAM SALLE.
THOMAS BRANCH.
DANIEL WEISIGER.

IF *WILLIAM ROUGHSEDGE*, late of *Preſcot*, in the County of *Lancaſter* (who was imported as a Tranſport in the *Swaile*, Captain *John Metcalfe*, in the Year 1763, and bound to Mr. *Burch*, of *Wicomico*, near *Pile's* Warehouſe, in *Charles* County, *Maryland*) be living, he may hear of Something to his Advantage by applying to me in *Williamſburg, Virginia*; or whoever can give any Intelligence of him, ſo that a Certificate may be had of his being alive, or dead, ſhall be rewarded, by applying to JACOB ALLAN.

WANTED,

A PERSON well acquainted with the Office Buſineſs of an Attorney; if he is alſo well verſed in the Practice of the Courts in *England*, it will be more agreeable. A handſome Salary will be given to a Perſon properly qualified, with a Preference to a ſingle Man. Inquire of Meſſ. *Purdie* and *Dixon*, any Time this Month.

For SALE,

ONE Moiety, or the Whole, of my GRIST and SAW MILLS near *Cabin Point*, in *Surry* County, with three Pair of Millſtones and two Saws, which are well accuſtomed, and very profitable, and with an additional Expenſe of a Hundred Pounds might be made much more ſo. Theſe Mills are well ſituated on *Chipoax* Creek, on the ſouth Side of *James* River, about Midway of the River, in a growing Neighbourhood, on a good Navigation, has a never failing Stream of Water, where a Merchant Mill may be erected to the greateſt Advantage, and with leſs Expenſe than uſually attends the building ſuch Mills; it may be ſo built that there would be ten or twelve Feet Water near the Mill Houſe, at common Tides. Alſo about four Hundred Acres, and ſome Half Acre Lots, of LAND, adjoining the Mills and Settlements, commonly called the Town, with many Improvements and Conveniences thereon, to be ſold in ſmall Quantities, or Lots. For Terms inquire of the Subſcriber. Alſo two Hundred and forty five Acres of Land on the *Otter Dam* Swamp, about ſix Miles from *Cabin Point*, has both high and low Grounds, ſome Buildings thereon, a valuable young Orchard, about fifty Acres of cleared Land, encloſed with a good Fence. Likewiſe two Hundred and thirty Acres of well timbered LAND about eight Miles from *Cabin Point*, no Buildings thereon. Long Credit will be given for the two laſt mentioned Tracts.
JOHN COCKE.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the* 16*th of* MAY, *at the late Dwellinghouſe of* David Smith, *deceaſed, in* Dinwiddie *(under a Deed of Truſt from the ſaid* Smith *to me) for ready Money, or Merchants Notes payable at the enſuing General Court,*

NINE likely *Virginia* born SLAVES, among whom are two very valuable Fellows.——At the ſame Time will be expoſed to Sale (under the ſame Deed) a great Part of his perſonal Eſtate, conſiſting of a fine Still, many valuable Beds, and a great Deal of Houſehold Furniture, excellent in its Kind. Thoſe becoming Purchaſers to the Value of forty Shillings, or more, will be allowed three Months Credit, on giving Bond and Security; if under that Sum, to pay ready Money.
GRAY BRIGGS.

ON *Friday* the 17th of *May* (if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day) will be ſold at the Dwellinghouſe of Mr. *David Galloway*, in *Northumberland* County, all the ſaid *Galloway's* Lands, for the Benefit of his Creditors. The Terms of Credit will be agreed on at the Day of Sale, by the Truſtees.

GEORGE III. by the Grace of GOD of *Great Britain, France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* to the Sheriff of the County of *Frederick*, greeting: We command you to ſummon *Daniel Buſh*, late of the County of *Frederick*, to appear before our Juſtices of our County Court of *Auguſta*, on the firſt *Tueſday* in next Month, to anſwer a Bill in Chancery exhibited againſt him by *Lewis Neill*; and this he ſhall in no Wiſe omit, under the Penalty of a Hundred Pounds; and have then there this Writ. Witneſs *James Keith*, Clerk of our ſaid Court, at the Courthouſe, this ſixth Day of *September*, in the tenth Year of our Reign. JAMES KEITH.

COMMITTED to *York* County Jail, on the 14th of *March*, an outlandiſh Negro Woman who cannot, or will not, tell her Owner's Name. She is with Child, has a thin Viſage, and is about four Feet nine Inches high. The Owner may have her on proving his Property, and paying Charges, of
WILLIAM MITCHELL.

STRAYED from Mr. *Field Trent*, in *Henrico* County, a middle ſized bay Horſe, not branded, has a remarkable white Mark on his Neck, occaſioned by a Rope. Whoever will bring him to me in *Cheſterfield* County, near *Oſborne's* Warehouſe, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.
EDWARD WILKINSON.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a black STEER, marked with a Crop in the right Ear, and a Crop and Slit in the left; a black and white COW, of the ſame Mark, that has one of her fore Feet hurt by a Clog; and a white hipſhotten MARE, which has no Brand perceivable. Poſted, and appraiſed, the Steer to thirty five Shillings, the Cow to thirty Shillings, and the Mare to forty Shillings.
RICHARD EGGLESTON.

TAKEN up, in *Albemarle*, a ſmall black MARE about eight Years old, four Feet three or four Inches high, has a ſmall Star in her Forehead, ſome Saddle Spots, a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, no Brand that can be ſeen, trots altogether, and appears to be very forward with Foal. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds.
THOMAS BARLOW.

To be SOLD, *on reaſonable Terms,*

HIS Majeſty's PATENT, or Grant, for twenty Thouſand Acres of LAND in *Weſt Florida*. Any Perſon, or Perſons, inclinable to purchaſe may be informed of the Particulars by inquiring of *Joſeph Ogden*, at the Sign of the Croſs Keys, the Corner of *Cheſtnut* and *Third* Streets, *Philadelphia*. 12

AS twelve Months are nearly expired ſince the Store kept at *Todd's*, on Account of Meſſ. *M'Call* and *Elliot*, of *Glaſgow*, by the Subſcriber, has been diſcontinued, it is expected that ſuch Perſons as are indebted there will be ready, upon Application, to diſcharge their reſpective Balances; and it may be depended upon that ſuch as do not will be ſued, as the Indulgence already given the Cuſtomers has been ſuch that no farther can be allowed, or reaſonably expected.

I have about fourteen Hundred Pounds Sterling worth of GOODS, which I would ſell cheap.
Tf ROBINSON DAINGERFIELD.

To be SOLD *at* Fredericksburg, *on* Thurſday *the* 20*th of* June, *being* Spotſylvania *Court Day,*

THE DWELLINGHOUSE now poſſeſſed by me, with the Timber Yard adjoining, whereon are erected a Kitchen, Smokehouſe, and every Convenience neceſſary for a Family; it is ſituated on the main Street in *Fredericksburg*, and may be eaſily converted into a Store. Credit will be given until *October* General Court for one Half the Money, and until *April* General Court for the other Half.
9 THOMAS MILLER.

WANTED *in* NORBORNE *Pariſh*, Frederick *County*,

A SCHOOLMASTER well qualified to teach Writing and Arithmetick; if *Latin* alſo, the more agreeable, and the Salary enlarged. It will not be expected that he ſhould teach more than fifteen or twenty Scholars. For farther Particulars inquire of the Printer of this Paper; or of *J. Nourſe* at *Piedmont*, in the ſaid County. None need apply but ſuch as can have an undoubted Character for Diligence and Sobriety.

N. B. It is thought a Dancing Maſter likewiſe would meet with Encouragement in the above County. 12

To be SOLD, *on long Credit, the three following Tracts of* LAND, viz.

ONE Tract containing four Hundred Acres, lying in *Spotſylvania* County, on the Head of *Bluff* Run, about eighteen Miles from *Fredericksburg*. One other Tract lying in *Amherſt* County, on *Owen's* Creek, containing four Hundred Acres; it is well timbered, and a good Soil for Tobacco and *Indian* Corn. One Tract lying in *Pittſylvania* County, on *Sycamore* Creek, near Captain *Benjamin Clements's*, containing two Hundred Acres; this is likewiſe good Tobacco Land. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above Tracts of Land may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *Charles Irving*, Merchant in *Albemarle* County, or to the Subſcriber in *Richmond* Town. The above Lands are the Property of *John Lovings*, Senior, of *Amherſt* County, but made over by a Deed of Truſt to the Subſcriber. Two Years Credit, or longer if required, will be given, on Bond and approved Security.
Tf WILLIAM MITCHELL.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, on the Premiſes, purſuant to an* ACT *of* ASSEMBLY, *on* Wedneſday *the* 15*th of* May,

TWO Thouſand eight Hundred Acres of LAND, being the upper Part of a Tract belonging to *Armiſtead Lightfoot*, Eſquire, in *Brunſwick* County. It will be laid off into Lots, to make it convenient to the Purchaſers; and any Perſon inclined to buy may be ſhown it by applying to *Thomas Gholſon*, who lives on it. Credit will be allowed until the firſt of *November* next, upon giving Bond and Security to

8 LEWIS BURWELL,
JAMES BURWELL,
THOMAS MANN RANDOLPH,
JOHN WOODSON, } Truſtees.

For SALE, *and may be entered on in* NOVEMBER *next,*

THE LAND whereon I now live, containing two Hundred and ſeventy four Acres. It is exceeding good for Grain, Tobacco, *&c.* and lies ſo level that nine Tenths may be plowed with the greateſt Eaſe. The Improvements on the ſame conſiſt of a Plantation, in good Order, ſufficient for working ſeven or eight Hands, the Whole lying to the Plow; an Ordinary Houſe fifty four Feet long, finiſhed off in a complete Manner, has three Rooms with Fireplaces below Stairs, beſides lodging Rooms, and three Rooms above Stairs, one of which has a Fireplace; a Houſe twenty Feet in Length, and ſixteen in Width, with two Rooms below, and one above Stairs, wherein lives the Clerk of the County, and keeps the Office; two Kitchens, one of which is very valuable; a Dairy, Meathouſe, Barn, fine ſtrong Stables, Corn Houſes, two fine Gardens, of the beſt ſawed Framing and Pales; and, in ſhort, every Convenience that is neceſſary for the Ordinary and Plantation Uſes. There are alſo, on the ſame Plantation, two large ſtanding Stores kept, of very conſiderable Trade; the Storehouſes are large and commodious, the cheapeſt of which did not coſt leſs than a Hundred and fifty Pounds; to each Storehouſe belongs a Houſe for the Reſidence of the Merchants, one of which coſt upwards of a Hundred Pounds, the other upwards of ſeventy five; there alſo belongs to the Stores fine ſtrong Stables, *&c.* There are two Tailors Shops, with Kitchens, and other Conveniencies, belonging thereto; as alſo three Blackſmiths Shops, *&c.* The Rents of which, in the Whole, amount pretty conſiderably. Beſides theſe two Stores on my Plantation, a third, of conſiderable Trade, is ſettled (for the Convenience of their Diets, *&c.* in the Ordinary) within, or about, three Hundred Yards from my Ordinary Door, on Land that does not belong to me. This Place is more commodiouſly ſituated, and better calculated for Trade, than perhaps any of the back Parts in this Colony at leaſt, if not on the Continent. To every Dwellinghouſe, Store, *&c. &c.* (Tailors and Blackſmiths Shops excepted) are good Brick Chimnies, the Houſes underpinned with Bricks, and good Cellars, and all in good Repair. The Whole of the Buildings are placed uniform, in Lines and Squares, ſo as to reſemble a Town. None of the Buildings have been built over eight Years, and almoſt all the valuable Buildings within five Years. The Situation is high, and remarkably healthy, commanding a delightful Proſpect of the Mountains and Country round. It lies about eight Miles from *Amherſt* Courthouſe, on the main *Carolina* Road, which is greatly uſed by Travellers, and, together with the great Reſort of Gentlemen to this Place, conſumes as much Liquor as coſt me annually three Hundred Pounds, beſides Proviſions for Men and Beaſts. As Perſons at a Diſtance inclining to purchaſe may better judge whether it would be worth their While to come and ſee the Place, I think it not amiſs to inform them that I will take eight Hundred Pounds for the Place, and give a reaſonable Time for Payment, which is many Hundred Pounds below the intrinſick Value of it.

I will alſo ſell to the Purchaſer (if required) moſt of the Furniture belonging to the Ordinary, at leaſt ten good Feather Beds, with Furniture to the ſame; Walnut and Mohogany Tables, Chairs, *&c. &c.*
16 GABRIEL PENN.

N. B. All the Merchants, Storekeepers, Clerk of the County, their Servants, *&c.* are boarded in the Ordinary, the Profits of which are pretty conſiderable to me.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, at the Falls of *James* River, the Middle of laſt Month, a Negro Man named DAVY, belonging to the Hon. *William Byrd*, Eſquire, about thirty Years old, five Feet eight Inches high, and very ſtout made; he is of a yellow Complexion, has a down Look, and a Defect in ſome of his fore Teeth. He is ſuppoſed to be lurking about *Hanover* Town, *Peterſburg*, or ſome towards *Carolina*. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Fellow, and bring him to me, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward; and if taken out of the Colony, FIVE POUNDS. Tf DAVID PATTESON.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12*ſ.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3*ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Week after.——*** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.